CHAPTER 2: FEDERAL PESTICIDE LAWS

Write the answers to the following questions, and then check your answers with those in the back of this manual.

- 1. Which federal agency is responsible for registering or licensing pesticide products for use in the United States?
 - **A.** U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).
 - **B.** U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA).
 - **c.** U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS).
 - **D.** Food and Drug Administration (FDA).
- 2. Which federal law governs the establishment of pesticide tolerances for food and feed products?
 - **A.** Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA).
 - **B.** Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FFDCA).
 - **C.** Food Quality Protection Act (FQPA).
 - **D.** Worker Protection Standard (WPS).
- 3. Which federal law requires that all pesticides meet new safety standards?
 - **A.** Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA).
 - **B.** Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FFDCA).
 - **C.** Food Quality Protection Act (FQPA).
 - **D.** Worker Protection Standard (WPS).
- 4. Which statement about FIFRA is false?
 - **A.** State restrictions on pesticides can be more liberal than those of FIFRA.
 - **B.** Approved pesticide labels have the force of law.
 - **C.** The EPA has the authority to remove pesticide products from the market.
 - **D.** FIFRA regulates the registration and licensing of pesticide products.

- 5. Experimental use permits required under Section 5 of FIFRA can be used when conducting experimental field tests on new pesticides or new uses of pesticides on:
 - **A.** 10 or more acres of land or 1 or more acres of water.
 - **B.** 5 or more acres of land or 1 or more acres of water.
 - **C.** 7 or more acres of land or 2 or more acres of water.
 - **D.** less than 1 acre of land or water.
- 6. Both civil and criminal penalties can be assessed for FIFRA violations.
 - **A.** True.
 - B. False.
- 7. Which statement about the requirements of the FQPA is *true*?
 - **A.** For setting new standards, the FQPA considers aggregate exposures to pesticides but not cumulative exposures.
 - **B.** The FQPA does not require review of older pesticides with established residue tolerances on food.
 - **c.** The FQPA does not consider additional safety standards to account for exposure risks to infants and children.
 - **D.** Testing of pesticides for endocrine-disruption potential is required under the FOPA.

- 8. Under the federal Endangered Species Protection Program, what must be on pesticide products that might adversely affect an endangered species?
 - **A.** A label statement advising applicators to consult a county bulletin to determine if they must take any special precautionary measures when using the product.
 - **B.** A label statement advising them to consult a local conservation officer for a permit to apply the pesticide.
 - **C.** A label statement prohibiting them from applying pesticides in all areas where endangered species might be harmed.
 - **D.** A label statement that lists the endangered species that might be harmed by the pesticide and how to prevent it.